

**CAUTION**  
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN  
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

**TITAN**

# **OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC**

## **HERBICIDE**

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 240g/L OXYFLUORFEN  
SOLVENTS: 606.9g/L LIQUID HYDROCARBONS  
108g/L N-METHYL PYRROLIDONE

GROUP **14** HERBICIDE

For selective weed control of broadleaf weeds and some grasses as specified in the  
Directions For Use Table.

APVMA Approval No.: 61537/135609

Pack Size: 5L-1000L



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IN A TRANSPORT EMERGENCY  
**DIAL 000**  
POLICE OR FIRE BRIGADE

TRANSPORT AND HANDLING  
NOT A DANGEROUS GOOD  
ACCORDING TO THE AUSTRALIAN  
DANGEROUS GOODS (ADG) CODE  
FOR TRANSPORT BY ROAD AND RAIL

## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide can be used on weed-free soil to prevent germination of a wide variety of weeds or it can be applied to existing weeds at seedling stage especially with a tank mix partner to increase the variety of weeds controlled and/or the length of residual control.

### 1. TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide can also be added at a low rate as a “spike” to glyphosate or paraquat and diquat/ paraquat herbicides to improve knockdown.

TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide applied as a “spike” with glyphosate OR with either paraquat or a diquat/paraquat mixture.

**Restraint:** DO NOT disturb weeds by cultivation or sowing for 1 day following application to annual weeds and 7 days for perennial weeds to ensure herbicide absorption, unless specified in the CRITICAL COMMENTS.

SITUATION	FOR WEEDS CONTROLLED & TIME OF APPLICATION	RATE of TITAN OXYFLUORFEN 240 EC HERBICIDE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Summer and Winter Fallow – Before sowing	Refer to label of the TITAN AG glyphosate product (such as TITAN Glyphosate 450 Herbicide)	75mL/ha plus a glyphosate product at its recommended label rate	Addition of TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide to glyphosate products will improve knockdown and increase the speed at which treated weeds develop visible symptoms of phytotoxicity (compared to results achieved with glyphosate applied alone) and give control of annual nettles ( <i>Urtica</i> spp.), Barley Grass, Paterson’s Curse, Smallflowered Mallow and Storksbill. For rates of glyphosate, refer to the appropriate label. Read and follow all label directions. See SAFE SOWING INTERVALS section of this label.
Fruit & Nut Trees, Vines including Grapevines, Olive trees, Pome Fruit (eg. Apple, Pear, Nashi, Quince), Stone Fruit (eg. Apricot, Cherry, Nectarine, Peach, Plum), Tree Nuts (eg. Almond, Macadamia, Pecan, Walnut)	Refer to label of the TITAN AG glyphosate product (such as TITAN Glyphosate 450 Herbicide)	75mL/ha plus a glyphosate product at its recommended label rate	Addition of TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide to glyphosate products will improve knockdown and increase the speed at which treated weeds develop visible symptoms of phytotoxicity (compared to results achieved with glyphosate applied alone) and give control of annual nettles ( <i>Urtica</i> spp.), Barley Grass, Paterson’s Curse, Smallflowered Mallow and Storksbill. For rates of glyphosate, refer to the appropriate label. Read and follow all label directions.  DO NOT apply the tank mix of glyphosate and TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide near trees or vines less than 3 years old unless they are effectively shielded from spray and spray drift.
	Refer to label of the TITAN Paraquat 250 Herbicide or TITAN EOS Herbicide	250mL/ha plus a paraquat or diquat/paraquat product at its recommended label rate	Addition of TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide in a tank mix with a paraquat or diquat/paraquat product will improve control of Smallflowered Mallow, Evening Primrose and other weeds sensitive to TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide. For the rate of the paraquat or diquat/paraquat product, refer to the appropriate label. Read and follow all label directions.

### 2. TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide applied to weed-free soil or weeds at seedling stage.

**Restraint:** If applying to weed seedlings, DO NOT disturb weeds by cultivation or sowing for 1 day following application to annual weeds and 7 days for perennial weeds to ensure herbicide absorption, unless specified in the CRITICAL COMMENTS.

CROP OR SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED OR CROP STAGE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Brassica Crops; Broccoli, Cabbages, Cauliflower	Refer to Weeds Controlled list	Weed free soil (prior to crop transplanting)	1.5 to 2L/ha	Apply TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide to prepared ground 4 to 7 days prior to transplanting. If soil is dry, irrigation or rainfall is required prior to transplanting for activation of TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide. Utilise transplanting techniques which cause minimal soil disturbance. Excessive soil disturbance will lessen herbicidal activity. Use the higher rate in situations where weed pressure is known to be heavy.
Coffee (after transplanting or under established bushes)	Refer to Weeds Controlled list	Weed free soil	2 to 4L/ha	Use the higher rate where longer residual activity (up to 4 months) is required.
		Weeds at the 2 to 4 true-leaf stage		When seedlings are present, apply as a tank mix with paraquat to give both knockdown and residual control. A non-ionic surfactant should be used in the spray mixture at its recommended rate. Apply as a directed spray to avoid contact with coffee plants.  Mature, established weeds must be eliminated by mechanical or chemical means prior to application.
Duboisia (after transplanting of young seedlings or after harvest of mature plants)	Refer to Weeds Controlled list (best results are achieved when applied to moist soil free of weeds)	Weed free soil	4 or 8L/ha	Use the higher rate where longer residual control (up to 6 months) is required. An “over-the-top” application will be tolerated.
		Weeds at the 4 to 6 true-leaf stage		Recently germinated small seedling grasses and broadleaf weeds (4 to 6 true leaves) will be controlled with these rates. Established larger weeds must be eliminated by mechanical or chemical means prior to application of TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide. Add a non-ionic surfactant at its recommended rate to enhance activity.

CROP OR SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED OR CROP STAGE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Forestry Plantations: <i>Eucalyptus</i> spp. and <i>Pinus</i> spp. (either before or preferably within 4 weeks of transplanting)	Refer to Weeds Controlled list	Weed free soil (either before or preferably within 4 weeks of transplanting) Weeds at the 4 to 6 true-leaf stage	3 or 4L/ha	Under weed-free conditions, apply as a directed or “over-the-top” spray. Disturbance of the herbicidal barrier on the soil surface at transplantation may reduce the length of weed control. If weed seedlings are present, apply as an “over-the-top” spray. In either situation, use the higher rate for longer residual control. TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide can be applied in a tank mix with simazine to extend the spectrum and length of weed control. DO NOT use this tank mix in Eucalyptus plantations grown on sands, with no clay or organic matter. The likelihood of foliar damage to trees (especially eucalypts) will increase if applied to foliage that has not hardened off and/or if the temperature exceeds 20°C. However TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide is generally regarded as safe to commonly planted forestry species but the sensitivity of less common species should be tested on small areas before a large scale application is made.
Forestry Trees	Broadleaf weeds and grasses	Weeds at the 4 to 6 true-leaf stage	4L/ha or 4mL/10m <sup>2</sup>	For the establishment of trees for approved farm practices such as wind breaks, erosion control, woodlots and forestry plantings. When applying as a post-plant spray, ensure spray is directed to the base of seedlings, or that seedlings are protected. DO NOT apply under hot or windy conditions.
Pyrethrum – As bare rooted transplants or seedlings	Refer to Weeds Controlled list (except Chickweed)	Pre-plant incorporated into weed free soil worked to a fine tilth	4 or 6L/ha	Apply prior to final soil preparation. The preferred implements for final soil preparation would be either a multiple tyne cultivator or rotary harrows. Use the 6L/ha rate for heavy black clay soils only (as found in the Derwent and Coal River Valleys, Tasmania). TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide will not provide consistent control of Chickweed.
– More than 4 leaf stage	Blackberry Nightshade, Cleavers, Field Bindweed, Fumitory, Groundsel, Sorrel, Volunteer Potato, Wireweed	Emerging weeds present	100-150mL/ha	
– Established crops, >1 yr old	As above, plus Sow Thistle, Spear Thistle		200mL to 4L/ha	Apply when pyrethrum is >10cm rosettes. Apply rates of more than 1.0L/ha ONLY between 1st of February and 31st of March. DO NOT apply later than 25 weeks before harvest.
Tobacco	Refer to Weeds Controlled list	Weed free soil	4L/ha	Use to control weeds along spray lines only. DO NOT apply to Tobacco crop. Apply to soil after solid-set irrigation system has been laid out in the field. TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide should be applied to a moist soil. Where very small weeds (2-3 leaf) emerge prior to spraying, the addition of a non-ionic surfactant to the spray mixture is necessary for effective control. Should the weeds be more advanced, the addition of 2L/ha of diquat (200g/L) is required. Avoid spray drift.
Trees (Fruit & Nut) and Vines at least 3 years old as a dormant application, including: Grapevines, Olive Trees, Pome Fruit (eg. Apple, Pear, Nashi, Quince), Stone Fruit (eg. Apricot, Cherry, Nectarine, Peach, Plum), Tree Nuts (eg. Almond, Macadamia, Pecan, Walnut)	Refer to Weeds Controlled list	Weed free soil	3 or 4L/ha	DO NOT apply TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide once bud swell has occurred. Apply to freshly cultivated weed free soil. Use the higher rate when longer residual control is required (up to 4 months). Where grass weeds are expected to be a major problem, or when control of a wider weed spectrum is required, mix the lower rate with 4.5L/ha of an oryzalin (500g/L) product or 4.5kg/ha of a napropamide (500g/kg) product. Refer to product labels for crops, rates, states and weeds controlled and follow all label directions.
		Emerging weeds present (4-6 leaf stage)		DO NOT apply TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide once bud swell has occurred. Use the higher rate when longer residual control is required (up to 4 months). When young seedling grasses and/or broadleaf weeds are present, apply as a tank mix with glyphosate or paraquat or diquat/paraquat to obtain both knockdown and residual control. A non-ionic surfactant such as BS-1000 should be used at 0.1%v/v. Read and follow all label directions. Where weed growth is large and dense, weeds must be eliminated prior to application of TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide, using chemical or mechanical means. <b>Macadamias:</b> Apply in 250 to 500L water/ha. Apply after harvest to prevent spray contacting nuts. Avoid spray contact with the foliage and stem. DO NOT apply to nuts on the ground.

CROP OR SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED OR CROP STAGE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Tropical and subtropical fruit crops (inedible peel), including; Avocado, Cherimoya, Custard Apple, Durian, Feijoa, Guava, Jackfruit, Kiwifruit, Longan, Lychee, Mango, Mangosteen, Papaya, Passionfruit, Persimmon, Rambutan, Star Apple	Refer to Weeds Controlled list	Weed free soil	4L/ha	Best results are obtained when applied to moist weed free soil and followed by rainfall or irrigation.
		Emergent weeds present		If weeds are present, TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide should be applied as a tank mix with recommended rates of glyphosate or paraquat or diquat/paraquat. Read and follow all label directions.

**NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.**

**WITHHOLDING PERIODS:**

**Grazing: DO NOT ALLOW LIVESTOCK TO GRAZE TREATED WEEDS.**

**Harvest: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.**

Weeds Controlled List:	
BEFORE GERMINATION	SEEDLINGS (LESS THAN 4 TRUE LEAF)
Amsinckia ( <i>Amsinckia</i> spp.) Barley Grass ( <i>Hordeum leporinum</i> ) Barnyard Grass ( <i>Echinochloa</i> spp.) Blackberry Nightshade ( <i>Solanum nigrum</i> ) Bladder Ketmia ( <i>Hibiscus trionum</i> ) Burrgrass ( <i>Cenchrus australis</i> ) Caltrop ( <i>Tribulus terrestris</i> ) Capeweed ( <i>Arctotheca calendula</i> ) Chickweed ( <i>Stellaria media</i> ) Crowsfoot Grass ( <i>Eleusine indica</i> ) Deadnettle ( <i>Lamium amplexicaule</i> ) Fat Hen ( <i>Chenopodium album</i> ) Giant Pigweed ( <i>Trianthema portulacastrum</i> ) Liverseed Grass ( <i>Urochloa panicoides</i> ) Lovegrass ( <i>Eragrostis</i> spp.) Pigeon Grass ( <i>Setaria</i> spp.) Pigweed ( <i>Portulaca oleracea</i> ) Prickly Lettuce ( <i>Lactuca</i> spp.) Red Natal Grass ( <i>Rhynchelytrum repens</i> ) Redshank ( <i>Amaranthus cruentus</i> ) Ryegrass ( <i>Lolium</i> spp.) Sesbania Pea ( <i>Sesbania cannabina</i> ) Shepherd's Purse ( <i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i> ) Smallflower Mallow ( <i>Malva parviflora</i> ) Soursob ( <i>Oxalis pes-caprae</i> ) Sowthistle ( <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i> ) Starburr ( <i>Acanthospermum hispidum</i> ) Stinkgrass ( <i>Eragrostis cilianensis</i> ) Summer Grass ( <i>Digitaria</i> spp.) Thornapple ( <i>Datura stramonium</i> ) White Eye ( <i>Richardia brasiliensis</i> ) Wild Mustard ( <i>Sisymbrium</i> spp.) Wild Radish ( <i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i> ) Wireweed ( <i>Polygonum aviculare</i> )	Amsinckia ( <i>Amsinckia</i> spp.) Barley Grass ( <i>Hordeum glaucum</i> , <i>H. leporinum</i> )* Bellvine ( <i>Ipomoea</i> spp.) Capeweed ( <i>Arctotheca calendula</i> ) Common Cotula ( <i>Cotula australis</i> ) Crowsfoot Grass ( <i>Eleusine indica</i> ) Deadnettle ( <i>Lamium amplexicaule</i> ) Groundsel ( <i>Senecio vulgaris</i> ) Liverseed Grass ( <i>Urochloa panicoides</i> ) Paterson's Curse ( <i>Echium plantagineum</i> )* Pigweed ( <i>Portulaca oleracea</i> ) Potato Weed ( <i>Galinsoga parviflora</i> ) Redshank ( <i>Amaranthus cruentus</i> ) Shepherd's Purse ( <i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i> ) Smallflower Mallow ( <i>Malva parviflora</i> )* Stinging Nettle ( <i>Urtica urens</i> ) Stinkgrass ( <i>Eragrostis cilianensis</i> ) Storksbill ( <i>Erodium</i> spp.)* Wild Radish ( <i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i> )*
*When mixed with a glyphosate product at its recommended rate.	

## GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide is a selective herbicide for the control of certain annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in dormant apples, grapes, peaches, pears, plums, apricots, almonds, macadamia, duboisia, tobacco, coffee, pyrethrum, winter cereals, tropical/ subtropical crops, brassicas, *Eucalyptus* and *Pinus* spp. and other forestry trees, applied either to weed free soil or to seedling weeds up to the 4-6 true-leaf stage.

TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide applied to well prepared, weed free soil should not be disturbed or incorporated after application. Weed control for up to 6 months can be expected with high label rates, but spot treatment of escape weeds or perennial grasses may be necessary with knockdown herbicides.

When TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide is applied to seedling weeds at the 4 to 6 leaf stage, a non-ionic surfactant such as BS-1000 should be added at recommended rates to improve activity, where suggested in the CRITICAL COMMENTS.

TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide can also be used at low rates as a "spike" to improve the weed spectrum of knockdown herbicides such as glyphosate and paraquat or diquat/paraquat mixtures.

## TIMING

### Residual control

For optimum residual weed control, TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide should be applied to the soil surface prior to weed emergence after all other agricultural operations, such as mechanical cultivation and re-shaping of irrigation furrows, have been completed. The area should be left undisturbed during the time period of desired weed control. When applied to seedling weeds, they should be young and actively growing. Weed control for up to 6 months can be expected with high label rates, but spot treatment of escape or perennial grasses may be necessary with knockdown herbicides.

### Post-emergence weed control

For optimum post-emergence weed control, TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide + glyphosate tank mixes should be applied to small seedling weeds up to 4-6 true-leaf stage. Use of a non-ionic surfactant such as BS-1000 is recommended to improve activity. Weeds should be actively growing and free from environmental stress (drought, cold, insect attack, nutrient deficiency). Cultivation after treatment and prior to or at planting is beneficial for final fallow weed control.

## MIXING

Shake well before use. When using TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide alone, fill the spray tank at least 1/3 full with clean water and add the recommended amount of TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide while the pump and agitator are running, then complete filling the spray tank. A non-ionic surfactant, if required by label directions, should be added near the end of the filling process to minimise foaming. If tank mixing with oryzalin (500g/L) or napropamide, add the product to a 1/3 filled tank and then add TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide during the filling operation.

Maintain agitation during mixing and until spraying is completed. When tank mixing with glyphosate formulations, paraquat, diquat or paraquat/diquat, add these after TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide during the filling operation.

### TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide + Glyphosate tank mixes

Ensure thorough agitation when mixing, filling the spray tank and during application, irrespective of glyphosate formulation used. Follow recommended order and directions for tank mixing TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide and glyphosate. Use all spray mix immediately after preparation.

- DO NOT tank mix TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide and glyphosate without agitation.
- DO NOT allow mix to stand unagitated.
- DO NOT store TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide and glyphosate tank mixes.
- DO NOT mix other agrochemical products with TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide and glyphosate tank mixtures.

## APPLICATION

Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before use. TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide should be applied uniformly with an accurately calibrated, low pressure herbicide sprayer, as a directed treatment to the base of tree and vine crops using flat fan or hollow cone nozzles. Complete coverage of seedling weeds is required for maximum knockdown effect. Ensure both weed foliage and the soil surface are sprayed. Apply using a vehicle mounted boom, calibrated to deliver medium droplets, using water volume of 250 to 500 litres per hectare for bare soil or 100 to 1350 litres per hectare when seedling weeds (4 to 6 leaf stage) are treated. Use the higher volumes where weed density is high. Tank mixtures of 75mL/ha of TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide with glyphosate herbicides should be applied in 30 to 200 litres

spray volume per hectare. For maximum residual control, TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide should NOT be incorporated or disturbed after application.

## CROP SAFETY

TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide may be applied as a directed and/or shielded spray around dormant peach, plum, apricot, almond, apple and pear trees and grapevines of all ages when applied at rates of less than 1L/ha. When applied at 3L/ha and above, the trees and grapevines should be at least 3 years of age.

DO NOT apply TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide once bud swell has occurred when using rates greater than 1L/ha. Duboisia seedlings and mature plants will tolerate "over-the top" applications of TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide.

## SAFE SOWING INTERVALS

TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide at up to 75mL/ha may be safely applied 1 day prior to planting broadacre crops such as cereals (wheat, barley, oats, triticale), canola, pulses (lupins, faba beans, field peas) and undersown pastures (lucerne, clover, medics, ryegrass, phalaris, cocksfoot) and 7 days minimum prior to planting cotton or soybeans, provided minimum tillage planting equipment is used with minimal soil disturbance. Inversion, mixing of surface soil with that in the planting zone or covering seed with treated soil may result in injury to emerging crop seedlings.

Avoid covering the seed with soil treated with TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide during the planting operation to minimise crop injury. TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide has residual soil activity, especially when applied at rates greater than 75mL/ha and on small-seeded horticultural crops. Plant back intervals in the following table for horticultural crops must be observed if more than 75mL/ha TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide has been applied.

## COMPATIBILITY

TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide is compatible with glyphosate products (with agitation), oryzalin (500g/L), TITAN Diquat 200 Non-Residual Herbicide, TITAN Paraquat 250 Herbicide, TITAN EOS Herbicide and TITAN Glufosinate 200 Herbicide.

Safe Sowing Intervals for Horticultural Crops (Days)		
TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide rate	Up to 75mL/ha	1L/ha
Beans	7	60
Brassicas	14	90
Capsicums	14	90
Carrots	14	90
Cucurbits	14	60
Lettuce	14	90
Potatoes	7	60
Tomatoes	14	60

## RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide is a member of the diphenyl ether group of herbicides. The mode of action of TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide is to inhibit protoporphyrinogen oxidase. For weed resistance management, TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide is a Group 14 herbicide. Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide and other Group 14 herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These weeds will not be controlled by TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide or other Group 14 herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, TITAN AG Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide to control resistant weeds.

GROUP **14** HERBICIDE

## PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures.

## PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK

Use with care when applying in areas frequented by stock.

## PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

This product is highly toxic to wildlife and fish. DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers. Use care when applying in areas frequented by wildlife or adjacent to any body of water. DO NOT apply when weather conditions favour drift from target areas.



## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

The method of disposal of the container depends on the container type. Read the STORAGE AND DISPOSAL instructions on the label that is attached to the container.

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site. This container can be recycled if it is clean, dry, free of visible residues and has the *drumMUSTER* logo visible. Triple rinse containers before disposal. Dispose of rinsate by adding it to the spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemical on-site. Wash outside of the container and cap. Store cleaned container in a sheltered place with cap removed. It will then be acceptable for recycling at any *drumMUSTER* collection point or similar container management program site. The cap should not be replaced but may be taken separately. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product.

**For Refillable containers:** Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.

## SAFETY DIRECTIONS

- Harmful if inhaled or swallowed.
- Will damage the eyes and irritate the nose, throat and skin.
- Avoid contact with eyes and skin.
- DO NOT inhale vapour or spray mist.
- When using together with other products, consult their label safety directions.
- When opening the container, preparing spray and using the prepared spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist, a washable hat, elbow-length butyl rubber gloves and face shield or goggles.
- If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water.
- Wash hands after use.
- After each day's use, wash gloves, contaminated clothing and face shield or goggles.

## FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 131126, New Zealand 0800 764 766. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. If in eyes, wash out immediately with water.

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the safety data sheet (SDS). A safety data sheet for TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide is available from TITAN AG Pty Ltd on request. Call Customer Service on (02) 9999 6655 or visit titanag.com.au

**CONDITIONS OF SALE:** TITAN AG Pty Ltd shall not be liable for any loss injury damage or death whether consequential or otherwise whatsoever or howsoever arising whether through negligence or otherwise in connection with the sale supply use or application of this product. The supply of this product is on the express condition that the purchaser does not rely on TITAN AG's skill or judgment in purchasing or using the same and every person dealing with this product does so at his own risk absolutely. No representative of TITAN AG Pty Ltd has any authority to add to or alter these conditions.

Additional statements required by Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) and Safe Work Australia: Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause respiratory irritation. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. **Precautionary Statements:** Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. Specific treatment (see on this label). Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Collect spillage. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

