DANGEROUS POISON

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAN KILL IF SWALLOWED
DO NOT PUT IN DRINK BOTTLES
KEEP LOCKED UP
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

TITAN

PARAQUAT 360 HERBICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 360g/L PARAQUAT present as PARAQUAT DICHLORIDE



For the control of a wide range of grasses and broadleaf weeds as per the Directions for Use.

APVMA Approval No.: 87424/139549

Pack Size: 1L-1000L



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UN 2922 CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Paraquat (present as paraquat dichloride), ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS PG: III HAZCHEM: 2X

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Restraints:

DO NOT spray weeds which are waterlogged, under stress of any kind or covered with soil or dust.

DO NOT spray weeds covered with heavy dew, but rain following spraying will not affect results.

DO NOT sow or cultivate for 1 hour after spraying but operations should commence within 7 days.

For ground application only: DO NOT use through aircraft, misting machines, knapsack sprayers, handheld ultra low volume controlled droplet applicators (CDA units) or other hand-held, manually pumped equipment.

SPRAY DRIFT RESTRAINTS

Specific definitions for terms used in this section of the label can be found at apvma.gov.au/spraydrift

DO NOT allow bystanders to come into contact with the spray cloud.

DO NOT apply in a manner that may cause an unacceptable impact to native vegetation, agricultural crops, landscaped gardens and aquaculture production, or cause contamination of plant or livestock commodities, outside the application site from spray drift. Wherever possible, correctly use application equipment designed to reduce spray drift and apply when the wind direction is away from these sensitive areas.

DO NOT apply unless the wind speed is between 3 and 20 kilometres per hour at the application site during the time of application.

DO NOT apply if there are hazardous surface temperature inversion conditions present at the application site during the time of application. Surface temperature inversion conditions exist most evenings 1 to 2 hours before sunset and persist until 1 to 2 hours after sunrise.

CROP USE OR	exist most evenings 1 to 2 h	STATE	RATE/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
SITUATION	WELDS CONTROLLED	JIAIL	TIATE/IId	OHITIOAL COMMITTER TO
Crop, Pasture or Fallow Establishment Aid to Cultivation to minimise cultivation and prepare a clean	Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in early autumn sowing Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in winter, spring and early summer sowing	ALL STATES	835mL to 1.1L ^{\triangle} plus adjuvant 1.1 to 1.67L plus adjuvant	Where cultivation follows spraying, it may commence 1 hour after spraying but should be completed within 7 days. Where heavy weed growth is present at spraying a better seed bed will result if cultivation is delayed to 5 days. Use the higher rates for dense, more mature weed stands. Wild Oats must have at least 2 leaves. Where TITAN Diquat 200 Non-Residual Herbicide used the lower TITAN Paraquat 360 Herbicide rate should be sufficient to
bed for sowing	Wild Oats at 2 to 5 leaf stage in autumn / winter	QLD, VIC, TAS, SA, WA, NT only NSW, ACT only	420 to 560mL plus adjuvant 420mL plus adjuvant	control dense mature weeds. Pasture: Remains of old pasture should be reduced by continuous heavy grazing. Remove stock 3 to 5 days before spraying to allow weeds to freshen up. Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions.
	Wild Oats at 2 to 5 leaf stage in spring / summer		835mL to 1.4L plus adjuvant	Use the higher rate for summer growth. Avoid spraying under hot, dry conditions. Best results will be obtained when spraying is carried out in the late evening. Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions.
Rice	Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds	QLD, NSW, NT only	1.1L plus adjuvant	Pre-sowing. Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions.
			560mL plus adjuvant	Post-sowing, pre-crop emergence. Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions.
Kikuyu / Paspalum Pasture	To suppress growth to oversow winter seed	QLD, NSW, ACT only	1.1 or 1.67L plus adjuvant	Use the high rate for February spraying and the low rate in March. Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions.
Pastures Pasture cleaning in autumn / early winter Annual Clovers, Perennial Clover Late winter / early spring Annual Clovers, Perennial Clovers, Cocksfoot, Perennial Ryegrass, Phalaris, Demeter	Annual grasses and some broadleaf weeds except Paterson's Curse, Sorrel, Dock, Shepherd's Purse and some thistles For control of these weeds alternative methods such as the spray / graze technique with 2,4-D or MCPA should be considered	ALL STATES	420 to 835mL plus adjuvant 835mL to 1.1L ^Δ plus adjuvant	Use the higher rates for dense weed stands. All applications: Graze pastures continuously after the seasonal break to a height of 2 to 4cm. Remove stock 2 to 3 days before spraying to allow weeds to freshen up. DO NOT apply until clover has reached the 6 leaf stage. Mixed pastures will be scorched initially but should show good recovery and beneficial changes in composition following spring rainfall and growth. DO NOT spray clovers which are affected by insect attack, disease or moisture stress and do not use on clover pastures growing in water repellent sands or other situations subject to moisture stress at or immediately following treatment otherwise poor recovery of the clover may result. Use the lower rate for Cocksfoot and Perennial Ryegrass and the higher rate for Phalaris and Demeter Fescue. The perennial grasses must be at least 12 months old at spraying. DO NOT APPLY TO MEDICS.
Fescue only		QLD, NSW, VIC, TAS, SA, ACT,	1.1 to 1.67L [△] plus adjuvant	Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions. Use the higher rate in winter/early spring when Barley Grass is present. Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions.
	Yorkshire Fog Grass	NT only	835mL plus adjuvant	Apply in early spring to reduce Yorkshire Fog Grass component and increase the clover and desirable grass component. Mixed pastures will be scorched initially but should show good recovery and beneficial changes in composition following spring rainfall and growth. In lower rainfall areas application in mid to late winter may be almost as effective but allows better pasture recovery. If pasture has been grazed allow sufficient time for pasture and Yorkshire Fog Grass recovery before spraying. Apply in spray volumes of 100 to 250L/ha, the latter for dense or tall, ungrazed pastures. Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions.



CROP USE OR SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS	
Lucerne Autumn / early winter	Annual grasses and some broadleaf weeds	QLD, VIC, TAS, SA, WA, NT only	835mL to 1.1L ^{\triangle} plus adjuvant	Use the higher rates for dense weed stands. DO NOT spray Lucerne stan under 12 months old. If Mintweed is present use TITAN Atrazine 900 WG Herbicide at 600g/ha.	
		NSW only	835mL	Warning: In certain areas, an uncommon species of Barley Grass (H.	
Late winter / early spring	Annual grasses and some broadleaf weeds	QLD, VIC, TAS, SA, WA, NT only	1.1 to 1.67L [△] plus adjuvant	glaucum – Common Barley Grass is H. leporinum) resistant to paraquat based products has become established. It may regrow after an initial scorch by TITAN Paraquat 360 Herbicide. Where this problem is suspected use Fusilade* for grass weed control. If TITAN Paraquat 360 Herbicide has	
		NSW, ACT only	835mL ^Δ plus adjuvant	been applied use Fusilade at 1L/ha after regrowth but before heading. Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions.	
Perennial Grass	Annual grasses and	ALL STATES	420 to 835mL	Use the low rate for Cocksfoot and Perennial Ryegrass and the higher rate	
Seed Crops Cocksfoot, Perennial Ryegrass, Phalaris and	some broadleaf weeds		plus adjuvant	for Phalaris and Demeter Fescue. Spray about 4 weeks after a full weed germination following the autumn break. The perennial grasses must be at least 12 months old at spraying.	
Demeter Fescue				Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions.	
only Spray topping to	Annual Ryegrass	ALL STATES	280 or 560mL	As an aid in managing Annual Ryegrass resistance. For use on escapes	
reduce seed set	Ailliuai Hyegrass	ALL STATES	plus adjuvant	from a previous herbicide application in the current crop.	
Chickpeas, Faba Beans, Field Peas, Lentils, Lupins, Vetch				Spray the crop when the Annual Ryegrass is at the optimum stage, that is when the last Annual Ryegrass seed heads at the bottom of the plant have emerged and the majority are at or just past flowering (with anthers present or glumes open) but before haying off is evident – usually October to November. Use of the higher rate in these crops is usually more reliable and gives a greater reduction in seed set.	
				Reduction in crop yield may occur especially if the crop is less advanced relative to the Ryegrass, that is, if crops have a majority of green immature pods. The higher rate may also increase any yield reduction. In practice crop losses in excess of 25% may occur.	
				Apply by ground boom only in 50 to 100L/ha. Spray with a calibrated boom spray raised to give double overlap at the level of the Ryegrass seed heads.	
				Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions.	
Spray topping to reduce seed set Pastures	Grasses generally (particularly Annual Ryegrass)	ALL STATES	280mL plus adjuvant	Heavily graze paddocks during spring flush to encourage even head development. Remove stock 2 to 3 weeks before the anticipated maturity date of the target species. However, if this is not feasible through lack of stock it is preferable to allow the pasture to mature ungrazed. Delay spraying until the last seed heads at the bottom of the plant have emerged and initial signs of haying off appear. Spray with a calibrated boom spray raised to give double overlap at the level of the seed heads.	
				Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions.	
	Barley Grass			Manage paddocks as above. Spray after head emergence but when all seed heads are green and there is no sign of haying off. Inspect paddocks before returning stock. Provided spraying was carried out before hardening of grass seeds, stock (excepting horses) may be returned 24 hours after spraying. Where hardening seeds are present, harrow to knock seed from the heads. DO NOT introduce lambs into paddock until safe from risk of seed injury. If seasonal conditions favour regeneration, stock should be returned to selectively graze new shoots. Spray with a calibrated boom spray raised to give double overlap at the level of the seed heads.	
	0.00	NOW ACT OF		Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions.	
	Saffron Thistle	NSW, ACT, SA only	280mL plus adjuvant	Spray after the weeds begin to run to head until flowering. Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions.	
Prevention of Annual Ryegrass toxicity	Annual Ryegrass	WA only	280mL plus adjuvant	Grazing management as for spray topping above. Remove stock 3 to 4 weeks before the anticipated maturity date. Spray must be applied within 10 days after emergence of the first Annual Ryegrass seed heads.	
				To ensure adequate control of toxin development, heavy continuous grazing is essential from 1 day after spraying until the pasture has completely hayed off.	
				The required stocking rate will vary but must be sufficient to keep all regrowth after spraying completely eaten off to prevent further growth producing new seed heads which could become toxic. Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions	
Hay freezing	Grasses generally	ALL STATES	560mL plus	Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions. For maximum retention of protein in standing dry feed. Graze paddocks as	
Tay 11002111g	aracooc gonorany	TEL OTATEO	adjuvant	for spray topping above. Remove stock 3 to 4 weeks before the anticipated maturity date. Apply prior to commencement of haying off regardless of the grass species involved. Spray with a calibrated boom spray raised to give double overlap at the level of the seed heads.	
				Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions.	



CROP USE OR SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS	
Hops	Annual grasses and broad leaf weeds	VIC, TAS only	835mL to 1.1L plus 1.1kg/ha TITAN Simazine 900 WG Herbicide and/or 750mL to 1.4L/ha TITAN Diquat 200 Non-Residual Herbicide△ plus adjuvant	Apply as a directed inter-row spray prior to crop emergence from winter dormancy, using a minimum of 250L/ha spray volume to ensure good and even coverage of weeds. Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions.	
Orchards (including Bananas) Vineyards	Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds	QLD, VIC, TAS, SA, WA, NT only NSW only	1.1 to 2.25L/ sprayed ha^ plus adjuvant 1.18L/sprayed ha^ plus adjuvant	Spray as necessary for control of annual weeds. Avoid contacting crop foliage. In Bananas apply soon after weed emergence and before weeds reach 15cm in height. Avoid chemical contact with roots and peepers near the pseudo stem. Repeat sprays as required. TITAN Paraquat 360 Herbicide will not harm trees or vines with mature brown bark if this alone is sprayed. Use the higher rate for dense weed growth. Note: Spot spray rate assumes 1000L water/ha. For lower water volumes increase dilution rate as below: Water volume 250L/ha: use 445 to 890mL/100L Water volume 500L/ha: use 220 to 445mL/100L Water volume 750L/ha: use 145 to 300mL/100L OR measure how much spray is required to cover an area of 100m² using your normal application volume. Your dilution rate is 11 to 22mL of TITAN Paraquat 360 Herbicide in this volume. Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions.	
Walnuts	Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds	NSW, VIC, TAS, SA, WA only	1.1 to 2.25L/ sprayed ha plus adjuvant	Apply as required with the spray only to come in contact with the soil and weeds around the base of the trees. DO NOT allow immature bark, suckers, stems, leaves or fruit to be exposed to the spray or spray drift. Use the higher specified rate for dense, more established weeds. Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions.	
Peanuts Post-emergence (in crop)	Datura spp. (2 to 4 leaf) Annual Ground Cherry (2 to 3 leaf), Apple-of-Peru (2 to 4 leaf), Milkweed (2 to 3 leaf)	QLD, NT only	280mL plus adjuvant 420mL plus adjuvant	Spray Peanuts up to 7 to 8 leaf stage but before majority of plants are flowering. Foliage will be scorched following application but plants reco rapidly. Apply in 200 to 250L/ha for thorough coverage of weed foliage. dense canopy of weeds may reduce weed control due to shielding. DO NOT spray (on Peanuts) under extremely hot dry conditions when Peanuts are very small.	
	Stagger Weed (2 to 3 leaf), Blue Heliotrope (2 to 3 leaf), Wandering Jew (2 to 3 leaf), Anoda Weed (2 to 3 leaf)		560mL plus adjuvant	Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions.	
	Bellvine (2 to 3 leaf), Common Morning Glory (2 leaf)		700mL plus adjuvant		
Potatoes	Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds (in crop)	ALL STATES	835mL to 1.1L ^Δ plus adjuvant	Spray at early crop emergence (no later than 25% emergence of potato shoots). Use the higher rate for dense weed growth. Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions.	
	Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds Pre-harvest weed control		1.8L^ plus adjuvant	Spray about 1 week before digging and after tops have died down. Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions.	
Row Crops, Vegetables and Market Gardens	Pre-planting and pre- crop emergence Post-emergence inter-	ALL STATES	835mL to 1.1L OR 140mL/100L plus adjuvant	To control weeds in seed beds. Treat no less than three days before sowing or before crop emergence. Use the lower rate for early autumn applications. Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions. Apply after crop seedlings have emerged or when transplanted crops	
	row weed control			are established. Direct the spray so that it does not touch the crop. Use shielded nozzles. Use the lower rate for early autumn applications. Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions.	
	Seedling weeds		835mL to 1.1L OR 140mL/100L plus adjuvant	Seedling weeds: Use the lower rate for early autumn applications. Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions.	
	Older weeds		1.67L OR 280mL/100L ^Δ plus adjuvant	More mature stages of weed growth. Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions.	



CROP USE OR SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS	
Non-Agricultural situations, around sheds, roadways, paths	Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds	ALL STATES	1.1 to 2.78L OR 140mL/100L ^Δ plus adjuvant	Spray to thoroughly wet weed growth. TITAN Paraquat 360 Herbicide can be combined with soil residual herbicide TITAN Simazine 900 WG Herbicide to give rapid knockdown and prolonged weed control. Use the higher rate for dense weed growth. Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions.	
	Columbus Grass	NSW only	Boomspray: 1.63 to 3.13L/ha plus 12 to 22L 745g/L flupropanate plus adjuvant		
Firebreaks	Annual grasses and broadleaf weeds	ALL STATES	1.1 to 2.78L plus adjuvant	Knock down weed growth to eliminate fire hazard or assist firebreak burn. Apply mid-winter to early summer. Use the higher rate for dense weed growth. After desiccation is complete the sprayed area may be burnt (normally 7 to 10 days after spraying).	
				TITAN Paraquat 360 Herbicide can be combined with soil residual herbicide TITAN Simazine 900 WG Herbicide to give rapid knockdown and prolonged weed control.	
				<u> </u>	uvant section under General Instructions.
CROP USE OR SITUATION	WEEDS CONTROLLED	GROWTH STAGE	STATE	RATE/ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Sugarcane (Plant and ratoon)	Grasses and some broadleaf weeds	Up to 5cm high	QLD, NSW, NT only	1.1L per sprayed ha plus adjuvant 835mL to 1.1L plus 275g to 500g TITAN Diuron 900 WG Herbicide plus adjuvant	Apply as a broadcast spray over-the-top of plant cane up to the 3 to 4 leaf stage or ratoon cane up to 10cm high. Cane foliage will be scorched but new leaves will appear in 7 to 10 days. In plant cane between the 3 to 4 leaf stage and the formation of the true stem use a directed interspace spray. The Irvin spray boom (or other similar equipment) is the most suitable equipment to avoid excessive drift onto cane foliage while spraying at the cane bases of plant and ratoon cane. After the formation of the true stem which is resistant to TITAN Paraquat 360 Herbicide, the sprayer height can be raised to overlap the spray pattern to give weed control in the stool. Use the higher rate for dense, more mature weeds. TITAN Paraquat 360 Herbicide can be mixed with TITAN Atrazine 900 WG Herbicide to give residual weed control when used as a blanket or directed spray — refer to the TITAN Atrazine
	Grass and some broadleaf weeds – enhancement with TITAN Diuron 900 WG Herbicide	Up to 5cm high			
	Grass and some broadleaf weeds – enhancement with TITAN Diuron 900 WG Herbicide	Up to 10cm high			
					Refer to Adjuvant section under General Instructions. Diuron Tank Mixes: Read and follow all label directions including restraints, spray drift restraints, mandatory no-spray zones, critical comments, withholding periods, regional use restrictions and safety directions for the tank mix products.

[△] Capeweed or *Erodium* spp. present: Add TITAN Diquat 200 Non-Residual Herbicide at 750mL to 1.5L/ha (125mL to 250mL/100L for high volume spraying). Use higher rate for plants more than 10cm diameter.

OPTICAL SPOT SPRAY TECHNOLOGIES

Note: Calibrate the sprayer to spray the equivalent of 100L/ha.

For weed cover between 0% and 30% only. If percentage weed cover exceeds 30%, use approved boom spray rates.

SITUATION	WEEDS	RATES	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Fallow	Yellow Vine (Caltrop)	2.08 to 6.25L/100L	Apply to rosette to flowering plants. Use higher rate on late flowering/mature plants or plants under moisture stress.
	Barnyard Grass		Use higher rate on large mature plants.
	Bladder Ketmia		
	Fleabane	4.17 to 6.25L/100L	Apply to rosette to flowering plants. Use higher rate on late flowering/mature plants or plants under moisture stress.
	Sowthistle		Apply to flowering plants. Use higher rate on late flowering/mature plants or plants under moisture stress.
	Turnip Weed		Use higher rate on large mature plants.
	Australian Bindweed	6.25L/100L	Apply from seedling to 60cm in diameter plants.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

FOR USE ONLY AS AN AGRICULTURAL AND HORTICULTURAL HERBICIDE, THIS PRODUCT IS TOO HAZARDOUS TO BE USED IN THE HOME GARDEN.



WITHHOLDING PERIODS

Grazing:

DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT SPRAYED VEGETATION FOR STOCK FOOD FOR AT LEAST 1 DAY, OR GRAZE HORSES FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION. REMOVE STOCK FROM TREATED AREAS 3 DAYS BEFORE SLAUGHTER.

Harvest

Chickpeas, Faba Beans, Field Peas, Lentils, Lupins, Vetch: DO NOT HARVEST FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.
All Other Crops: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

MIXING

Add the required quantity of product to water in the spray tank and agitate to give even mixing. Agitate again if left standing. Mix with clean water only. Water should be clean and free from clay, silt and algae. Providing it meets this requirement, saline water, water collected from roofs, bore water, dam water and water from creeks may be used.

APPLICATION

TITAN Paraquat 360 Herbicide controls annual grasses and most annual broadleaf weeds (excluding Capeweed) in specified situations and should not be used for any other purpose. Quickly destroys green plant tissue on contact. It's immediately inactivated in the soil. At spraying, weeds should be growing vigorously and must not be covered with soil or heavy dew. The principle of selective weed control with this product is that annual weeds are controlled but perennial plants and clovers recover after an initial scorch. The control of annual weeds by spraying with this product will allow the desirable perennial species to thicken up at the expense of the weeds.

Moisture and fertility should not be limiting at spraying and the proportion of desirable species must be great enough for them to fill in the areas previously occupied by weeds.

Long-term weed control can be obtained following the quick knockdown given by this product if it is combined with soil residual chemicals.

Adjuvant

This product requires the addition of an adjuvant. For optimum activity select from the following adjuvant groups:

Adjuvant Group	Rate
Alcohol alkoxylates	250mL/100L
Soyal phospholipid/propionic acid based surfactants (e.g. TITAN 700 Surfactant)	250mL/100L
Esterified and emulsified vegetable oil based products (e.g. TITAN Duelling Spray Adjuvant)	500 to 1000mL/100L

Use the higher rates when targeting more advanced weeds within the recommended range and when total water volumes of below 70L/ha are used.

APPLICATION

Cereals and Broadacre Spraying: Use only through a properly calibrated boom spray which should be fitted with flat fan jets and adjusted to a height to give at least double overlap of the spray at the top of the weeds being sprayed. Spraying pressures should be in the range of 200 to 300kPa. Speed of travel should be in the range of 6 to 15km/hr. It is essential that a good marking system be used. If a disc marker is used, it must be mounted so as to turn the soil back on to the area sprayed. It is essential to obtain good leaf coverage with the spray and volumes of dilute spray must be adjusted according to density of weed growth. 100L/ha may be used for seedlings or well grazed weeds up to 2cm high. For plant height 2 to 5cm use 150L/ha and up to 6 to 10cm use 200L/ha. Spray volumes may be as low as 50L/ha (30L/ha in WA) for weed growth below 5cm high, or for spray topping and hay freezing. Equipment must be appropriate to this volume, properly calibrated and fitted with spraying tips designed to give droplets in the 200 to 250µ Volume Median Diameter range. Equipment must be appropriate to this volume, properly calibrated and fitted with spraying tips designed to give droplets in the Medium droplet size category.

High Volume Application: Higher volumes will generally be required to give good coverage of weed growth in situations other than those specified under cereals and other broadacre crops.

Spraying conditions: Avoid spraying plants under stress from waterlogging, frost, drought etc. or covered with dust and soil. Results will be better if application is made in dull weather, at the end of the day or at night. Light rain following spraying will not affect results. Avoid drift into neighbouring crops. Clean up: Wash spray equipment with clean water immediately after use. This product is highly corrosive to metals, particularly galvanised iron and aluminium and should not be left for long periods in tanks or equipment made of these materials.

COMPATIBILITY

This product combines satisfactorily with the soil active herbicides TITAN Atrazine 900 WG Herbicide, TITAN Diuron 900 WG Herbicide and TITAN Simazine 900 WG Herbicide where prolonged weed control is required as well as a quick knockdown. This product is compatible with TITAN Wetter 1000 Wetting Agent, TITAN Diquat 200 Non-Residual Herbicide, TITAN EOS Herbicide, TITAN Dicamba products, TITAN MCPA 750 Selective Herbicide (no more than 1L per 800mL TITAN Paraquat 360 Herbicide), TITAN Chlorsulfuron 750 WG Herbicide, TITAN Tri-Allate 500 EC Herbicide, TITAN Treflan Herbicide and TITAN Oxyfluorfen 240 EC Herbicide.

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

TITAN Paraquat 360 Herbicide is a member of the bipyridyls group of herbicides. TITAN Paraquat 360



Herbicide has the inhibitor of photosynthesis at photosystem I mode of action. For weed resistance management TITAN Paraquat 360 Herbicide is a Group 22 herbicide. Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to TITAN Paraquat 360 Herbicide and other Group 22 herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by TITAN Paraquat 360 Herbicide or other Group 22 herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, TITAN AG Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of TITAN Paraquat 360 Herbicide to control resistant weeds.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT apply under weather conditions or from spraying equipment that may cause spray to drift onto susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures. This formulation should not be applied on or near water which is used for irrigation purposes.

PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK

Domestic pets and poultry – keep away from treated areas. This formulation should not be applied on or near water which is used for livestock watering.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or watercourses with the chemical or

used containers. This formulation should not be applied on or near water which is used for human consumption, livestock watering or irrigation purposes or water used for commercial or recreational fishing.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

For non-refillable containers: Store in the closed, original container in a dry, cool, well-ventilated locked room or place away from children, animals, food, feedstuffs, seed and fertilisers. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product.

For refillable containers: Store in the closed, original container in a dry, cool, well-ventilated locked room or place away from children, animals, food, feedstuffs, seed and fertilisers. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of storage for refill or storage.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Very dangerous, particularly the concentrate. Product is poisonous if swallowed. Will irritate the nose, throat and skin. Attacks eyes. Protect eyes while using. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. When opening the container and preparing for use wear elbow-length PVC gloves and face shield or goggles. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. If clothing becomes contaminated with product, remove clothing immediately. If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. Avoid contact with spray mist. D0 N0T inhale spray mist. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves and face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

SPRAY APPLICATION

DO NOT work in spray mist. DO NOT continue to use if skin irritation or nose bleed occurs. This may be caused by exposure to spray mist as the result of incorrect use of equipment or adverse climatic conditions. Stop and review handling and spraying techniques before further spraying. If symptoms



persist seek medical advice. When there is a risk of exposure to spray mist wear waterproof footwear and waterproof protective clothing, impervious gauntlet length gloves (rubber or PVC), goggles and a face mask and respirator covering nose and mouth and capable of filtering spray droplets. A high efficiency type particulate respirator is recommended, but in any event use a respirator which complies with the requirements of AS1716 (Standards Australia). Further advice on safety equipment should be obtained from a safety equipment manufacturer. Avoid contacting vegetation wet with spray, but if necessary to do so wear waterproof footwear and waterproof protective clothing and gloves.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, get to a doctor or hospital quickly. If in eyes, hold eyes open, flood with water for at least 15 minutes and see a doctor.

Note To Physicians: For additional advice on the treatment of paraquat poisoning, please consult the booklet "The Treatment of Paraquat Poisoning: A Guide for Doctors" (available from TITAN AG Pty Ltd).

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the safety data sheet (SDS). A safety data sheet for TITAN Paraquat 360 Herbicide is available from TITAN AG Pty Ltd on request. Call Customer Service on (02) 9999 6655 or visit titanag.com.au

CONDITIONS OF SALE: TITAN AG Pty Ltd shall not be liable for any loss injury damage or death whether consequential or otherwise whatsoever or howsoever arising whether through negligence or otherwise in connection with the sale supply use or application of this product. The supply of this product is on the express condition that the purchaser does not rely on TITAN AG's skill or judgment in purchasing or using the same and every person dealing with this product does so at his own risk absolutely. No representative of TITAN AG Pty Ltd has any authority to add to or alter these conditions.

* Other trademarks

Additional statements required by Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) and Safe Work Australia: May be corrosive to metals. Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Fatal if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Precautionary Statements: Keep only in original container. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing, Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell. Specific treatment is urgent (see on this label). Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Store in corrosive resistant container /container with a corrosion resistant inner liner. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/ national regulations.



